

General Information

HCT-202201-02

4 New Substances of the 26th Batch are Officially Added into SVHCs List

Until 17 January 2022 SVHCs are determined to be updated to 223 items

Helinki, 17 January 2022 – ECHA officially added four new substances in the 26th batch to the list of substances of SVHC list.

The legal obligations that companies may have resulting from the inclusion of substances in the Candidate List may apply to the listed substances on their own, in mixtures or in articles. Producers and importers of articles containing any of the **223** substances included in the Candidate List on 17 January 2022 have six months to notify ECHA if the SVHC is present in articles in amounts that total more than one tonne per producer or importer per year and above a concentration of 0.1% weight by weight. There are exemptions from the notification obligation if the substance is already registered for the use or when exposure can be excluded.

Four hazardous chemicals added to the Candidate List

ECHA/NR/22/01

The Candidate List of substances of very high concern now contains 223 entries for chemicals that can harm people or the environment. Companies are responsible for managing the chemicals safely and providing sufficient information to their customers and consumers.

Helsinki, 17 January 2022 - One of the four substances is used in cosmetics and has been added to the Candidate List as it has hormone-disrupting properties in humans. Two are used, for example, in rubbers, lubricants and sealants, and have been included because they negatively affect fertility. The fourth is used in lubricants and greases and has been added as it is persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic, and therefore harmful for the environment.

Entries added to the Candidate List on 17 January 2022:



About REACH

REACH REGULATION concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals, shorten as REACH, is chemical regulatory system founded by EU, which was officially executive from June 1st, 2007.

REACH is a regulation that should ensure a high level of protection of human health and the environment as well as the free movement of substances, on their own, in preparations and in articles, while enhancing competitiveness and innovation.

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223 Substances included in the Candidate List for authorisation until 17 January 2022 and their SVHC

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
The	(±)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4-methylphe			Endocrine	As a raw material for the
26th	nyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]hepta			disrupting	synthesis of other compounds, it
batch	n-2-one covering any of the	-	-	properties (Article	is also used in cosmetics, body
	individual isomers and/or			57(f) - human	care products, facial creams,
	combinations thereof (4-MBC)			health)	etc.
	6,6'-di-tert-butyl-2,2'-methylenedi- p-cresol (DBMC)	204-327-1	119-47-1	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as antioxidant for natural rubber, synthetic rubber, latex, other synthetic materials and petroleum products.
	S-(tricyclo[5.2.1.0'2,6]deca-3-en-8				
	(or 9)-yl) O-(isopropyl or isobutyl or 2-ethylhexyl) O-(isopropyl or isobutyl or 2-ethylhexyl) phosphorodithioate	401-850-9	255881-94-8	PBT (Article 57 d)	Used as a lubricant and lubricating oil.
				Toxic for	Used in the manufacture of
	tris(2-methoxyethoxy)vinylsilane	213-934-0	1067-53-4	reproduction	plastics, rubbers, silica gels and
				(Article 57 c)	sealants, etc.
The				Carcinogenic	
25th				(Article 57a)	
batch				Equivalent level of	
				concern having	
				probable serious	
				effects to the	
				environment	It can be used as a solvent for
	1,4-dioxane	204-661-8	123-91-1	(Article 57f	synthetic chemicals.
				-environment)	
				Equivalent level of	
				concern having	
				probable serious	
				effects to human	
				health (Article 57f	
				–human health)	

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				It can be used in the production
				of polymer resins, plastic
				products and chemicals.
2,2-bis(bromomethyl)propane1,3-				BMP: manufacture of polymer
diol (BMP)		3296-90-0		resins and in one component
2,2-dimethylpropan-1-ol, tribromo	221-967-7	36483-57-5	Carainagania	foam (OCPF) application.
derivative/3-bromo-2,2-bis(bromo	253-057-0	1522-92-5	Carcinogenic	TBNPA: polymer production
methyl)-1-propanol (TBNPA)	202-480-9	96-13-9	(Article 57 a)	manufacture of plastics
2,3-dibromo-1-propanol				products, including
(2,3-DBPA)				compounding and conversion
				and as an intermediate.
				DBPA: registered as an
				intermediate.
2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)propionaldeh yde and its individual stereoisomers	_	_	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	It can be used in cleaning agents, cosmetics, in scented articles, polishes and wax blends.
4,4'-(1-methylpropylidene)bisphen ol; (bisphenol B)(BPB)	201-025-1	77-40-7	Endocrine disrupting properties (Article 57f - human health and environment)	It can be used in manufacture phenolic and polycarbonate resin, and used as a buffer for coatings in the food industry.
Glutaral	203-856-5	111-30-8	Respiratory sensitising properties (Article 57f - human health)	It can be used in Biocides, leather tanning, x-ray film processing, cosmetics.
Medium-chain chlorinated paraffins (MCCP) [UVCB substances consisting of more than or equal to 80% linear chloroalkanes with carbon chain lengths within the range from C14 to C17]	_		PBT (Article 57d) vPvB (Article 57e)	It can be used as flame retardants, plasticising additive in plastics, sealants, rubber an textiles.

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	Orthoboric acid, sodium salt	237-560-2	13840-56-7	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c) Toxic for	It can be used as solvent and corrosion inhibitor.
	Phenol, alkylation products (mainly in para position) with C12-rich branched or linear alkyl chains from oligomerisation, covering any individual isomers and/ or combinations thereof (PDDP)	_	_	reproduction (Article 57c) Endocrine disrupting properties (Article 57f - human health and environment)	It can be used as an intermediate in the production of special resins, paints, lacquers and coating resins, and as monomers for phenol /formaldehyde resins and ink resins.
The	Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl)eth	205-594-7	143-24-8	Toxic for	It can be used as a solvent for
24th	er			reproduction	alkaline gold hydride. It can be
batch				(Article 57 (c))	used to purify synthetic gas,
					natural gas, acetylene and other
					gases.
					Also used in the production of
					inks, toners, plastics and rubber
					tires.
	Dioctyltin dilaurate, stannane,	—	_	Toxic for	It can be used as stabilizer and
	dioctyl-, bis(coco acyloxy) derivs.,			reproduction	catalyst for plastics, textiles and
	and any other stannane, dioctyl-,			(Article 57 (c))	leather.
	bis(fatty acyloxy) derivs. wherein				
	C12 is the predominant carbon				
	number of the fatty acyloxy moiety				
The	1-vinylimidazole	214-012-0	1072-63-5	Toxic for	Hardener for resin materials,
23st				reproduction	photochemical reagents, cores
batch				(Article 57c)	of resin inclusions, also used in
					the petroleum industry and as
					polymers
	2-methylimidazole	211-765-7	693-98-1	Toxic for	It is used in the production of
				reproduction	pharmaceutical intermediates
				(Article 57c)	such as metronidazole, and is
					used as a curing agent for epoxy
					resins.



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	Butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	202-318-7	94-26-8	Endocrine	It is used for preservatives in
				disrupting	daily chemical industry, medicine
				properties (Article	and food industry, as well as
				57(f) – human	antiseptics for grease, starch
				health)	paste, rubber solution, perfume,
					film, etc.
	Dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-O,	245-152-0	22673-19-4	Toxic for	Mainly used as room
	O')tin			reproduction	temperature silicone rubber
				(Article 57c)	curing catalyst, especially
					suitable for deacetated silicone
					products. It can also be used as
					a polyurethane coating catalyst.
The	2-benzyl-2-dimethylamino-4'-morp	404-360-3	119313-12-1	Toxic for	Used in UV curing coatings and
22st	holinobutyrophenone			reproduction	inks.
batch				(Article 57c)	
	Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid	-	-	Equivalent level of	Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid are
	(PFBS) and its salts			concern having	used as catalysts in polymer
				probable serious	manufacturing and chemical
				effects to	synthesis.
				environment (Arti	Potassium of Perfluorobutane
				cle 57f)	sulfonic acid are used as flame
				Equivalent level of	retardants in polycarbonate
				concern having	mainly in electrical and
				probable serious	electronic equipment.
				effects to human	
				health (Article 57 f)	
	2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2	400-600-6	71868-10-5	Toxic for	Used in painting art and
	-morpholinopropan-1-one			reproduction	electronic industry.
				(Article 57c)	
	Diisohexyl phthalate	276-090-2	71850-09-4	Toxic for	It has the same potential as
				reproduction	other phthalates (e.g. used as
				(Article 57c)	sealants, plasticizers in polymers
					etc.).



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The	2-methoxyethyl acetate	203-772-9	110-49-6	Toxic for	Not registered under REACH.
21st				reproduction	
batch				(Article 57 (c))	
	Tris(4-nonylphenyl, branched and	-	-	Endocrine	Primarily used as an antioxidant
	linear) phosphite (TNPP) with ≥			disrupting	to stabilise polymers.
	0.1% w/w of 4-nonylphenol,			properties (Article	
	branched and linear (4-NP)			57(f) —	
				environment)	
	2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-(heptafluorop	-	-	Equivalent level of	Processing aid in the productior
	ropoxy)propionic acid, its salts			concern having	of fluorinated polymers.
	and its acyl halides (covering any			probable serious	
	of their individual isomers and			effects to the	
	combinations thereof)			environment	
				(Article 57(f) -	
				environment)	
				Equivalent level of	
				concern having	
				probable serious	
				effects to human	
				health (Article 57(f)	
				– human health)	
	4-tert-butylphenol	202-679-0	98-54-4	Endocrine	Used in coating products,
				disrupting	polymers, adhesives, sealants
				properties (Article	and for the synthesis of other
				57(f) —	substances.
				environment)	
The	2,2-bis(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-4-methy	401-720-1	6807-17-6	Toxic for	Potential use in thermal paper
20th	Ipentane			reproduction	
batch				(Article 57c)	
	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	205-916-6	207-08-9	Carcinogenic	Widely used in coatings,
				(Article 57a)	adhesives etc.
				PBT (Article 57d)	

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				vPvB (Article 57e)	
	Fluoranthene	205-912-4	206-44-0	PBT (Article 57d)	Widely used in coatings,
				vPvB (Article 57e)	adhesives etc.
	Phenanthrene	201-581-5	85-01-8	vPvB (Article 57e)	Uses in Coatings and paints etc.
	Pyrene	204-927-3	129-00-0	PBT (Article 57d)	Chemical intermediate
				vPvB (Article 57e)	
	1,7,7-trimethyl-3-(phenylmethylen	239-139-9	15087-24-8	Endocrine	As a UV absorber, it can be used
	e)bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one			disrupting	in anti-frost or other cosmetics,
				properties (Article	skin care products, daily
				57(f) - environment)	necessities and textile products.
The	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4)	209-136-7	556-67-2	PBT (Article 57d)	Used in washing and cleaning
19th				vPvB (Article 57e)	products, polishes and waxes
batch					and cosmetics and personal
					care products.
	Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	208-764-9	541-02-6	PBT (Article 57d)	Used in washing and cleaning
	(D5)			vPvB (Article 57e)	products, polishes and waxes,
					cosmetics and personal care
					products, textile treatment
					products and dyes.
	Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	208-762-8	540-97-6	PBT (Article 57d)	Used in washing and cleaning
	(D6)			vPvB (Article 57e)	products, polishes and waxes,
					cosmetics and personal care
					products.

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L	Lead	231-100-4	7439-92-1	Toxic for	Used in metals, welding and
				reproduction	soldering products, metal
				(Article 57c)	surface treatment products, and
					polymers.
C	Disodium octaborate	234-541-0	12008-41-2	Toxic for	Used in anti-freeze products,
				reproduction	heat transfer fluids, lubricants
				(Article 57c)	and greases, and washing and
					cleaning products.
E	Benzo[ghi]perylene	205-883-8	191-24-2	PBT (Article 57d)	Not registered under REACH.
				vPvB (Article 57e)	Normally not produced
					intentionally but rather occurs as
					a constituent or impurity in other
					substances.
Т	Terphenyl hydrogenated	262-967-7	61788-32-7	vPvB (Article 57e)	Used as a plastic additive,
					solvent, in coatings/inks, in
					adhesives and sealants, and
					heat transfer fluids.
E	Ethylenediamine (EDA)	203-468-6	107-15-3	Respiratory	Used in adhesives and sealants,
				sensitising	coating products, fillers, putties,
				properties (Article	plasters, modelling clay, pH
				57(f) - human	regulators and water treatment
				health)	products.
E	Benzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid	209-008-0	552-30-7	Respiratory	Used in the manufacture of
1	1,2 anhydride (trimellitic			sensitising	esters and polymers.
e	anhydride) (TMA)			properties (Article	
				57(f) - human	
				health)	
C	Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCHP)	201-545-9	84-61-7	Toxic for	Used in plastisol, PVC, rubber
				reproduction	and plastic articles. A further use
				(Article 57c)	is also as a phlegmatiser and
				Endocrine	dispersing agent for formulations
				disrupting	of organic peroxides.
				properties (Article	
				57(f) - human	
				health)	

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The	Dechlorane plus (including any of	-	13560-89-9;	vPvB	Used as a non-plasticising flame
18th	its individual anti- and syn-isomers		135821-74-8;		retardant, used in adhesives and
batch	or any combination thereof)		135821-03-3		sealants and in binding agents
	Benz[a]anthracene	200-280-6	56-55-3	Carcinogenic PBT vPvB	Normally not produced intentionally but rather occurs as a constituent or impurity in other substances.
	Cadmium nitrate	233-710-6	10325-94-7	Carcinogenic Toxic	For the manufacture of glass, porcelain and ceramic products
	Cadmium carbonate	208-168-9	513-78-0	Carcinogenic Toxic	Used as a pH regulator and in water treatment products, cosmetics and personal care products.
	Cadmium hydroxide	244-168-5	21041-95-2	Carcinogenic Toxic	Used in laboratory chemicals and for the manufacture of electrical, electronic and optical equipment.
	Chrysene	205-923-4	218-01-9	Carcinogenic PBT vPvB	Normally not produced intentionally but rather occurs as a constituent or impurity in other substances.
	Reaction products of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and 4-heptylphenol, formaldehyde and 4-heptylphenol, branched and linear (RP-HP) [with≥0.1% w/w 4-heptylphenol, branched and linear]	-	-	Endocrine disruption	Used as a lubricant additive in lubricants and greases.
The 17th batch	Perfluorohexane-1-sulphonic acid and its salts	-	-	vPvB	Anti-fouling, waterproof and non-stick treatment, normally used in in fire foam components, surfactants, fluoropolymer manufacturing, water proof &



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					anti-stains protecting coating in paper and textile.
The 16th batch	4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol (bisphenol A; BPA)	201-245-8	80-05-7	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c) Endocrine disrupting properties (Article 57(f) - environment) Endocrine disrupting properties (Article 57(f) - human health)	Manufacture of polycarbonate, epoxy resins and chemicals; hardener in epoxy resins
	Nonadecafluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) and its sodium and ammonium salts	206-400-3 - 221-470-5	335-76-2 3830-45-3 3108-42-7	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c) PBT (Article 57d)	Lubricant, wetting agent, plasticiser and corrosion inhibitor
	p-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenol	201-280-9	80-46-6	Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to environment (Arti cle 57f)	Manufacture of chemicals and plastic products
	4-heptylphenol, branched and linear [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 7 covalently bound predominantly in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof]	-	_	Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to environment (Arti cle 57f)	Manufacture of polymers; formulation into lubricants

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Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
The 15th batch	Benzo[def]chrysene	200-028-5	50-32-8	Carcinogenic (Article 57a) Mutagenic (Article 57b) Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c) PBT (Article 57 d) vPvB (Article 57 e)	Mainly used in the flue gas of coal tar, carbon black, and various types of coal and oil burning, cigarette smoke, automobile exhaust, as well as coking, oil refining, asphalt, plastics and other industrial sewage.

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Nitrobenzene	202-716-0	98-95-3	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Manufacture of other substances
	2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-(5-chlorobenzotriazo I-2-yl)phenol (UV-327)	223-383-8	3864-99-1	vPvB (Article 57 e)	UV-protection agents in coatings, plastics, rubber and cosmetics
	2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-(tert-butyl)-6 -(sec-butyl)phenol (UV-350)	253-037-1	36437-37-3	vPvB (Article 57 e)	UV-protection agents in coatings, plastics, rubber and cosmetics
The 14th batch	1,3-propanesultone	214-317-9	1120-71-4	Carcinogenic (Article 57 a)	Electrolyte fluid of lithium ion batteries
	Perfluorononan-1-oic-acid and its sodium and ammonium salts	206-801-3	375-95-1 21049-39-8 4149-60-4	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c) PBT (Article 57 d)	Processing aid for fluoropolymer manufacture/lubricatin g oil additive/surfactant for fire extinguishers/cleaning agent/textile antifouling finishing agent/polishing

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surfactant/waterproofi ng agents and in liquid crystal display panels

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
The	 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-10-alkyl esters; 1,2-benzenedicarboxylic acid, mixed decyl and hexyl and octyl diesters with ≥ 0.3% of dihexyl phthalate (EC No. 201-559-5) 	271-094-0 272-013-1	68515-51-5 68648-93-1	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Mainly used as plasticizer and lubricant, used in the adhesive, paint, building material, PVC and art material (Such as modeling clay and finger paints etc.
13th batch	5-sec-butyl-2-(2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3- en-1-yl)-5-methyl-1,3-dioxane [1], 5-sec-butyl-2-(4,6-dimethylcyclohex-3- en-1-yl)-5-methyl-1,3-dioxane [2] [covering any of the individual stereoisomers of [1] and [2] or any combination thereof]	I	1	vPvB (Article 57e)	Used as fragrance, widely used in perfume, soap, detergent and other daily necessities; meanwhile, it is also widely used in shampoo and textile softener.

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Cadmium fluoride	232-222-0	7790-79-6	Carcinogenic (Article 57 a); Mutagenic (Article 57 b); Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c); Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57 f)	Used in phosphors, glass, and nuclear reactor controls
The 12th batch	Cadmium sulphate	233-331-6	10124-36-4; 31119-53-6	Carcinogenic (Article 57 a); Mutagenic (Article 57 b); Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c); Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57 f)	Used as a pigment, also used in the production of solar cells
	2-benzotriazol-2-yl-4,6-d i-tert-butylphenol (UV-320)	223-346-6	3846-71-7	PBT (Article 57 d); vPvB (Article 57 e)	Used as plastic additive, ultraviolet light absorber and light stabilizer

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2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)- 4,6-ditertpentylphenol (UV-328)	247-384-8	25973-55-1	PBT (Article 57 d); vPvB (Article 57 e)	Used as plastic additive, ultraviolet light absorber and light stabilizer
2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-ox o-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stan natetradecanoate (DOTE)	239-622-4	15571-58-1	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as a stabiliser for PVC processing
Reaction mass of 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-ox o-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stan natetradecanoate and 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylhe xyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]thio]- 4-octyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5- dithia-4-stannatetradeca noate (reaction mass of DOTE and MOTE)	-	-	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as a stabiliser for PVC processing

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
The 11th	Cadmium chloride	233-296-7	10108-64-2	Carcinogenic (Article 57a); Mutagenic (Article 57b); Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c); Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57 f)	used for photocopying, dyeing and electroplating.
batch	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dihexyl ester, branched and linear	271-093-5	68515-50-4	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as lubricant in steering fluid, and as plasticizers, also used in auto transmission lubricants.

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Sodium peroxometaborate	231-556-4	7632-4-4	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as oxidant, disinfectants, fungicide, salt, deodorization agent, plating solution additives
Sodium perborate; perboric acid, sodium salt	239-172-9;	-	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as oxidant, decolorizer

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Cadmium sulphide	215-147-8	1306-23-6	Carcinogenic (Article 57a); Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57 f)	Used as pigment, also used in manufacturing of photoresistors (light dependent resistors) sensitive to visible and near infrared light.
	Disodium 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl bis(azo)] bis(4-aminonaphthalene-1-s ulphonate) (C.I. Direct Red 28)	209-358-4	573-58-0	Carcinogenic(Articl e 57a)	used to stain microscopic preparates, especially as a cytoplasm and erythrocyte stain;
The 10th batch	Disodium 4-amino-3-[[4'-[(2,4-diamino phenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4 -yl]azo] -5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)na phthalene-2,7-disulphonate (C.I. Direct Black 38)	217-710-3	1937-37-7	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	used to: dye cellulose; dye leather, plastics, used as a resin filler; and produce aqueous inks.
	Dihexyl phthalate	201-559-5	84-75-3	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as plasticizer for cellulose & vinyl plastics.
	Imidazolidine-2-thione (2-imidazoline-2-thiol)	202-506-9	96-45-7	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used primarily as an accelerator for vulcanizing polychloroprene (neoprene) and polyacrylate rubbers, also used in electroplating baths, as an intermediate in antioxidant production, and in dyes, pharmaceuticals, and synthetic resins.

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Lead di(acetate)	206-104-4	301-04-2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as sweetener, also used in cosmetics
Trixylyl phosphate	246-677-8	25155-23-1	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as flame-retardants and plasticizers

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Cadmium	231-152-8	7440-43-9	Carcinogenic (Article 57a); Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57 f)	Used as cadmium electrode, pigment, paint, plastics, metal plating, alloy etc.
	Cadmium oxide	215-146-2	1306-19-0	Carcinogenic (Article 57a); Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (effects on kidney and bone) (Article 57 f)	Used as cadmium electrode, pigment, paint, plastics, metal plating, alloy etc.
The	Ammonium pentadecafluorooctanoate (APFO)	223-320-4	3825-26-1	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c); PBT (Article 57 d)	Used as PVC dispersant by emulsion polymerization
9th batch	Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	206-397-9	335-67-1	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c); PBT (Article 57 d)	Pharmaceutical and material Intermediates
	Dipentyl phthalate (DPP)	205-017-9	131-18-0	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	The substance can be used as plasticizer of cellulose resin, polystyrene, and chlorinated rubber to characterize film products with well elasticity, weather ability and tensile strength
	4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear, ethoxylated [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, ethoxylated covering UVCB- and well-defined substances,			Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to the environment (due to the endocrine disrupting properties of the degradation products) (Article 57 f)	Mainly used in production of surfactant, and also used in fields of antioxygen, textile auxiliaries, lubricating oil additives, pesticide emulsifier, resin modifier, and resin and rubber stabilizer.

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IONGCAI TESTING

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polymers and homologues,			
which include any of the			
individual isomers and/or			
combinations thereof]			

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Bis(pentabromophenyl) ether (decabromodiphenyl ether; DecaBDE)	214-604-9	1163-19-5	PBT (Article 57 d); vPvB (Article 57 e)	It is an efficient additive flame retardant, which is used in nylon fiber and polyester textiles.
	Pentacosafluorotridecanoic acid	276-745-2	72629-94-8	vPvB (Article 57 e)	Pharmaceutical and material Intermediates
	Tricosafluorododecanoic acid	206-203-2	307-55-1	vPvB (Article 57 e)	Pharmaceutical and material Intermediates
	Henicosafluoroundecanoic acid	218-165-4	2058-94-8	vPvB (Article 57 e)	Pharmaceutical and material Intermediates
	Heptacosafluorotetradecanoic acid	206-803-4	376-06-7	vPvB (Article 57 e)	Pharmaceutical and material Intermediates
The 8th batch	Diazene-1,2-dicarboxamide (C,C'-azodi(formamide))	204-650-8	123-77-3	Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57 f)	Used as various vesicant of foamed plastic, which is applied to PVC, EVA, PP etc.
	Cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride Cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [1] cis-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [2] trans-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [3] The individual cis- [2] and trans- [3]	201-604-9, 236-086-3, 238-009-9	85-42-7, 13149-00-3, 14166-21-3	Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57 f)	Used as epoxy curing agent
	Hexahydromethylphthalic anhydride[1], Hexahydro-4-methylphthalic anhydride[2], Hexahydro-1-methylphthalic anhydride[3],	247-094-1, 243-072-0, 256-356-4, 260-566-1	25550-51-0, 19438-60-9, 48122-14-1, 57110-29-9	Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to human health (Article 57 f)	Mainly used for the epoxy curing agent. Impregnation of coil of electrical equipments; casting of electrical components; and sealing of semiconductors, such as outdoor insulators, capacitors,

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Hexahydro-3-methylphthalic	light emitting diode, digital tube
anhydride [4]	
[The individual isomers [2], [3] and	
[4] (including their cis- and trans-	
stereo isomeric forms) and all	
possible combinations of the	
isomers [1] are covered by this	
entry]	

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear[substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, covering also UVCB- and well-defined substances which include any of the individual isomers or a combination thereof]	-	-	Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to the environment (Article 57 f)	Mainly used in production of surfactant, and also used in fields of antioxygen, textile auxiliaries, lubricating oil additives, pesticide emulsifier, resin modifier, and resin and rubber stabilizer.
The 8th	4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phe nol, ethoxylated [covering well-defined substances and UVCB substances, polymers and homologues]	-	-	Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to the environment (Article 57 f)	Mainly used in production of surfactant, and also used in fields of antioxygen, textile auxiliaries, lubricating oil additives, pesticide emulsifier, resin modifier, and resin and rubber stabilizer.
batch	Methoxyacetic acid	210-894-6	625-45-6	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Organic chemical materials
	N,N-dimethylformamide	200-679-5	68-12-2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Mainly used for a polyacrylonitrile fiber spinning solvent; a gas absorber in the petrochemical industry ; and the selectivity for acetylene absorption and separation and purification of butadiene, the solvent used in leather production, used for synthetic chlordimeform medicine in pesticides; used to synthesis sulfadiazine, doxycycline, cortisone, vitamin B6

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Dibutyltin dichloride (DBTC)	211-670-0	683-18-1	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Pesticides, fungicides in paint
Lead monoxide (Lead oxide)	215-267-0	1317-36-8	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as white lead pigment, the manufacture of lead soaps, metallurgical cosolvents, paint driers, ceramic materials, rubber vulcanization accelerator, pesticides, lead salt stabilizer in plastics materials, raw materials of lead glass industry, and intermediate raw material of lead salt industry

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Orange lead (Lead tetroxide)	215-235-6	1314-41-6	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used in production of battery, glass, pottery, ceramic, and used as a protective surface layer of the anti-rust pigment and iron, as well as dyes and other synthetic organic oxidant
	Lead bis(tetrafluoroborate)	237-486-0	13814-96-5	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used for plating of terne metal in printed circuit and lead low-temperature welding. Also used as an analytical reagent; can be used as the circuit boards, tin lead alloy plating in electroplating
The	Trilead bis(carbonate)dihydroxide	215-290-6	1319-46-6	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Mainly used in paint, especially suitable for manufacturing antirust paint and outdoor paint
8th batch	Lead titanium trioxide	235-038-9	12060-00-3	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used for manufacturing complex electronic ceramics such as the BaTiO3-PbTi03 and PbZrO3-PbTiO3, to improve the electrical properties of ceramics. Also used as a pigment for paint.
	Lead titanium zirconium oxide	235-727-4	12626-81-2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used for manufacturing complex electronic ceramics to improve the electrical properties of ceramics. Also used as a pigment for paint
	Silicic acid, lead salt	234-363-3	11120-22-2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Mainly used in the manufacture of optical glass, CRT, optical fiber, household utensils and low melting point solder
	Silicic acid (H2Si2O5), barium salt (1:1), lead-doped [with lead (Pb) content above	272-271-5	68784-75-8	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used for manufacturing complex electronic ceramics to improve the electrical properties of ceramics.

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106-94-5

203-445-0

Toxic for

reproduction

(Article 57 c)

Used for the synthesis of

pharmaceuticals, pesticides, dyes,

spices, etc

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Methyloxirane (Propylene oxide)	200-879-2	75-56-9	Carcinogenic (Article 57a); Mutagenic (Article 57b)	Used as important basic organic chemical synthesis of raw materials, mainly used for the production of polyether, propylene glycol. Propylene oxide derivatives are widely used in the automotive, construction, food, tobacco, pharmaceutical and cosmetics industries
	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dipentylester, branched and linear	284-032-2	4-032-2 84777-06-0 reproductio	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	The substance can be used as plasticizer of cellulose resin, polystyrene, and chlorinated rubber to characterize film products with well elasticity, weather ability and tensile strength
The 8th	Diisopentylphthalate (DIPP)	210-088-4	605-50-5	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	The substance can be used as plasticizer of cellulose resin, polystyrene, and chlorinated rubber to characterize film products with well elasticity, weather ability and tensile strength
batch	N-pentyl-isopentylphthalate	-	776297-69-9	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	The substance can be used as plasticizer of cellulose resin, polystyrene, and chlorinated rubber to characterize film products with well elasticity, weather ability and tensile strength
	1,2-diethoxyethane	211-076-1	629-14-1	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as acrylic resin, methacrylic resin, epoxy resin and a nitro group, and a solvent such as ethyl cellulose, but also as extraction agents in pharmaceutical industry; lubricating oil additives; paint remover; paint coatings; solvents, etc.
	Acetic acid, lead salt, basic	257-175-3	51404-69-4	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	As analytical reagent, also used in the pharmaceutical industry

(EC) No 1272/2008]

1-bromopropane (n-propyl

bromide)



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Lead oxide sulfate	234-853-7	12036-76-9	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Use as white pigment and heat stabilizer in plastics.
[Phthalato(2-)]dioxotrilead	273-688-5	69011-06-9	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as high-temperature electrical insulation materials, foam products and rolled products
Dioxobis(stearato)trilead	235-702-8	12578-12-0	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used for manufacturing complex electronic ceramics to improve the electrical properties of ceramics.
Fatty acids, C16-18, lead salts	292-966-7	91031-62-8	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used in manufacture of paint, printing ink
Lead cynamidate	244-073-9	20837-86-9	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Mainly used in plating (both electrolytic and electroless) processes for electronic components (such as printed circuit boards).

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Lead dinitrate	233-245-9	10099-74-8	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Milk yellow pigment. Used as coal agent In printing and dyeing industry. Used in production of other lead salts, lead dioxide and convergence agent. Tanning agent; Sensitizer. Used as flotation agents in mining industry. Oxidant, as well as the analytical chemistry of chemical reagents
The 8th	Pentalead tetraoxide sulphate	235-067-7	12065-90-6	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used for manufacturing complex electronic ceramics to improve the electrical properties of ceramics.
batch	Pyrochlore, antimony lead yellow	232-382-1	8012-00-8	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used in manufacture of coloration of paint, printing ink, rubbers and plastic products.
	Sulfurous acid, lead salt, dibasic	Sulfurous acid, lead salt, dibasic 263-467-1 62229-08-7 reproduction	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used in manufacture of storage batteries, glasses, potteries and ceramic, also used as protective surface of rust resisting pigments and iron, and a oxidant of dyes and other organic compounds.	
	Tetraethyllead	201-075-4	78-00-2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used for gasoline seismic additives to improve the octane number, and for organic synthesis

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Tetralead trioxide sulphate	235-380-9	12202-17-4	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as a PVC stabilizer; having harmonized effects used with dibasic lead phosphate.
Trilead dioxide phosphonate	235-252-2	12141-20-7	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used for manufacturing complex electronic ceramics to improve the electrical properties of ceramics.
Furan	203-727-3	110-00-9	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	For organic synthesis or as a solvent. Used in the production of nitrofurazone. Furan is a nice rich electrophilic aromatic heterocyclic
Diethyl sulphate	200-589-6	64-67-5	Carcinogenic (Article 57a); Mutagenic (Article 57b)	Used as food flavor, perfume fragrance and soap flavor; for phenols Ethoxylation; It is a very important plant mutagen used to cultivate new varieties, fast and efficient; used as an excellent organic solvent and extractant; also intermediates used to synthetic pharmaceuticals, paints, dyes, etc

atch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Dimethyl sulphate	201-058-1	77-78-1	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	Used in the manufacture of dyes and methylating agents of amines and alcohols; Analytical reagent. Organic synthesis; Methylation reagent; Solvents. Its vapor is highly toxic, was used as a poison gas of war. For the determination of the reagent of the coal tars; used in organic synthesis as a methyl substituted agent
The	3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-meth ylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	421-150-7	143860-04-2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as a styrene polymerization inhibitors and pesticide intermediates
8th batch	Dinoseb (6-sec-butyl-2,4-dinitrophen ol)	(6-sec-butyl-2,4-dinitrophen 201-861-7		Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	Used as a styrene polymerization inhibitors and pesticide intermediates
	4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine 212-658-8		838-88-0	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	used for the high-temperature varnish, capacitor films, printed circuit board and aviation parts
	4,4'-oxydianiline and its salts	202-977-0	101-80-4	Carcinogenic (Article 57a); Mutagenic (Article 57b)	Used in production of heat stability plastics and as cross-linking agent.
	4-aminoazobenzene	200-453-6	60-09-3	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	Used as dye intermediates. Used in the synthesis of azo dyes, disperse dyes, oxazine dyes; also used in making paints and pigments, as well as alcohol-soluble

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				yellow and pH indicator
4-methyl-m-phenylenediam ine (toluene-2,4-diamine)	202-453-1	95-80-7	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	TDI, sulfur dyes, basic dyes, disperse dyes, pharmaceutical intermediates an other organic synthesis
6-methoxy-m-toluidine (p-cresidine)	204-419-1	120-71-8	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	Suitable for direct, disperse, reactive dyes Synthesis
Biphenyl-4-ylamine	202-177-1	92-67-1	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	Dye and pesticide intermediates; also used for manufacturing scintillatort paraterphenyl; manufacturing dyes; Cancer Research; organic synthesis;
o-aminoazotoluene [(4-o-tolylazo-o-toluidine])	202-591-2	97-56-3	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	Used to make dyes and drugs, and use as a maroon base GBC (Fast Gamet GBC base, formerly known as purple caramel base G or GC)
o-toluidine	202-429-0	95-53-4	Carcinogenic (Article 57a)	Use as dye intermediates, organic synthesis and synthesis of saccharin
N-methylacetamide	201-182-6	79-16-3	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57 c)	pharmaceutical industry, catalyst, deacidifying agent

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	1,2-bis(2-methoxyetho xy)ethane (TEGDME; triglyme)	203-977-3	112-49-2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	Mainly used as a solvent or as a processing aid in the manufacture and formulation of industrial chemicals. Minor use in brake fluids and repair of motor vehicles.
The	1,2-dimethoxyethane; ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (EGDME)	203-794-9	110-71-4	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	Mainly used as a solvent or as a processing aid in the manufacture and formulation of industrial chemicals, including use as an electrolyte solvent in lithium batteries.
7th batch	Diboron trioxide	215-125-8	1303-86-2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	Used in a multitude of applications, e.g., in glass and glass fibres, frits, ceramics, flame retardants, catalysts, industrial fluids, metallurgy, adhesives, inks/paints, film developers solutions, detergents and cleaners, biocides and insecticides.
	Formamide	200-842-0	75-12-7	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	Mainly used as an intermediate. Minor uses as solvent, as reagent chemical (in the pharmaceutical industry) and as laboratory chemical. The substance seems further to be used in the agrochemical industry and as a plasticiser.



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Lead(II) bis(methanesulfonate)	401-750-5	17570-76- 2	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	Mainly used in plating (both electrolytic and electroless) processes for electronic components (such as printed circuit boards).
TGIC (1,3,5-tris(oxiranylmet hyl)-1,3,5-triazine-2,4, 6(1H,3H,5H)-trione)	219-514-3	2451-62-9	Mutagenic (Article 57b)	Mainly used as a hardener in resins and coatings; also used in inks for the printed circuit board industry, electrical insulation material, resin moulding systems, laminated sheeting, silk screen printing coatings, tools, adhesives, lining materials and stabilisers for plastics.
β-TGIC (1,3,5-tris[(2S and 2R)-2,3-epoxypropyl]- 1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6-(1 H,3H,5H)-trione)	423-400-0	59653-74- 6	Mutagenic (Article 57b)	Mainly used as a hardener in resins and coatings; also used in inks for the printed circuit board industry, electrical insulation material, resin moulding systems, laminated sheeting, silk screen printing coatings, tools, adhesives, lining materials and stabilisers for plastics.
4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)benzophenone (Michler's ketone)	202-027-5	90-94-8	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Intermediate in the manufacture of triphenylmethane dyes and other substances. Further potential uses include as additive (photosensitiser) in dyes and pigments, in dry film products, as a process chemical in the production of electronic circuit boards, in research and development applications.

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl- 4,4'-methylenedianilin e (Michler's base)	202-959-2	101-61-1	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Intermediate in the manufacture of dyes and other substances. Used also as chemical reagent in research and development.
The 7th batch	[4-[4,4'-bis(dimethylam ino) benzhydrylidene]cyclo hexa-2,5-dien-1-yliden e]dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Violet 3)	208-953-6	548-62-9	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Used mainly for paper colouring and inks supplied in printer cartridges and ball pens. Further uses include staining of dried plants, marker for increasing the visibility of liquids, staining in microbial and clinical laboratories.
	[4-[[4-anilino-1-naphth yl][4-(dimethylamino)p henyl]methylene]cyclo hexa-2,5-dien-1-yliden e] dimethylammonium	219-943-6	2580-56-5	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Used in the production of inks, cleaners, and coatings, as well as for dyeing of paper, packaging, textiles, plastic products, and other types of articles. It is also used in diagnostic and analytical applications.

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HONGCAI TESTING

chloride (C.I. Basic Blue 26)				
α,α-Bis[4-(dimethylami no)phenyl]-4 (phenylamino)naphtha lene-1-methanol (C.I. Solvent Blue 4)	229-851-8	6786-83-0	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Mainly used in the production of printing and writing inks, for dyeing of paper and in mixtures such as windscreen washing agents.
4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)-4"-(methylamino)trityl alcohol	209-218-2	561-41-1	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Used in the production of writing inks and potentially in the production of other inks, as well as for dyeing of a variety of materials.

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Dichromium tris(chromate)	246-356-2	24613-89-6	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used in mixtures to treat metal surfaces in the aeronautic/aerospace, steel and aluminium coating sectors
	Potassium hydroxyoctaoxodizincatedichro mate	234-329-8	11103-86-9	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used in the aeronautic/aerospace, steel, aluminium coil and vehicle coating sectors
The 6th	Pentazinc chromate octahydroxide	256-418-0	49663-84-5	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used in the vehicle coating and aeronautic/aerospace sectors
batch	Zirconia Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres	_	_	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used for high-temperature insulation in industrial applications and in fire protection
		_	_	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used for high-temperature insulation in industrial applications and in fire protection
	Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline500-036-1Bis(2-methoxyethyl) phthalate204-212-6		25214-70-4	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used to manufacture other substances
			117-82-8	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	little presumed use as ECHA has not received any registration for the substance
	2-Methoxyaniline; o-Anisidine	201-963-1	90-04-0	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used in the vehicle coating and aeronautic/aerospace sectors



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4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phe nol	205-426-2	140-66-9	Equivalent level of concern having probable serious effects to the environment (article 57 f)	mainly used to manufacture polymer preparations and ethoxylates
1,2-dichloroethane	203-458-1	107-06-2	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used to manufacture other substances
Bis(2-methoxyethyl) ether	203-924-4	111-96-6	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	used to manufacture dyes for tattooing and colouring paper, polymers and aluminium foil

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Arsenic acid	231-901-9	7778-39-4	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Arsenic acid is mainly used to remove gas bubbles from ceramic glass melt (fining agent) and in the production of laminated printed circuit boards. To lesser extent the substance is also used in the manufacture of semiconductors and as laboratory agent.
The	Calcium arsenate	231-904-5	7778-44-1	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	present in complex raw materials imported to manufacture copper, lead and a range of precious metals.
6th batch	Trilead diarsenate	222-979-5	3687-31-8	Carcinogenic and toxic for reproduction (articles 57 a and 57 c)	present in complex raw materials imported to manufacture copper, lead and a range of precious metals
	N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC)	204-826-4	127-19-5	Carcinogenic (article 57 a)	used as solvent and in industrial coatings, polyimide films, paint strippers and ink removers
	2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-methylenedia niline (MOCA)	202-918-9	101-14-4	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	mainly used as curing agent in resins and to produce polymer articles
	Phenolphthalein	201-004-7	77-09-8	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	used as laboratory agent (in pH indicator solutions), to produce pH-indicator paper and in medicinal products

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Lead diazide, Lead azide	236-542-1	13424-46-9	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	Lead diazide is mainly used as initiator or booster in detonators for both civilian and military uses and as initiator in pyrotechnic devices.
Lead styphnate	239-290-0	15245-44-0	Toxic for reproduction (Article 57c)	Lead styphnate is mainly used as a primer for small calibre and rifle ammunition. Other common uses are in ammunition pyrotechnics, powder actuated devices and detonators for civilian use.
Lead dipicrate	229-335-2	6477-64-1	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	No registration for lead dipicrate has been submitted to ECHA. The substance is an explosive like lead diazide and lead styphnate. It may be used in low amounts in detonator mixtures together with the two other mentioned lead compounds.

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
The	2-ethoxyethyl acetate	203-839-2	111-15-9	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Main uses in the past were as solvent in coatings and in the chemical industry, but also as intermediate in the manufacture of cyanoacrylate adhesives.
	Strontium chromate	232-142-6	7789-06-2	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Strontium chromate is mainly used as corrosion inhibitor in coating mixtures used in the eronautic/aerospace sector, in the coil coating sector of steel and aluminium and in the vehicle coating sector.
5th batch	1,2-Benzenedicar boxylic acid, di-C7-11-branched and linear alkyl esters (DHNUP)	271-084-6	68515-42-4	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Main uses in the past were as plasticizer in PVC, foam, adhesives and coatings.
	Hydrazine	206-114-9	7803-57-8 302-01-2	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Hydrazine is mainly used as intermediate in the manufacture of hydrazine derivatives, as a monomer in polymerisations, as a corrosion inhibitor in water treatment and for metal reduction and refining of chemicals. It is also used as a propellant for aerospace vehicles and as fuel in military (emergency) power units.
	1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	212-828-1	872-50-4	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone is mainly used as solvent in coatings, cleaning

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				products, for electronic equipment manufacture, as well as in semiconductor industry, petrochemical processing, pharmaceuticals and agrochemicals.
1,2,3-trichloropropane	202-486-1	96-18-4	Art. 57 (a) & (c), carcinogenic & toxic for reproduction	1,2,3-trichloropropane is mainly used as intermediate in the manufacture of chlorinated solvents and agricultural products. It is also used as monomer. In the past 1,2,3-trichloropropane was used as solvent, paint and varnish remover and as degreasing agent.
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic a di-C6-8-branched alkyl este C7-rich (DIHP)		71888-89-6	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Main uses in the past were as plasticiser in PVC and in sealants, coatings and potentially printing inks.

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Cobalt(II) sulphate	233-334-2	10124-43-3	Art. 57 (a) & (c), carcinogenic & toxic for reproduction	Mainly used in the production of other chemicals. Further applications may include manufacture of catalysts and driers, surface treatments (such as electroplating), corrosion prevention, production of pigments, decolourising (in glass, pottery), batteries, animal food supplement, soil fertilizer, and others.
The 4th batch	Cobalt(II) dinitrate	233-402-1	10141-05-6	Art. 57 (a) & (c), carcinogenic & toxic for reproduction	Mainly used in the production of other chemicals and the manufacture of catalysts. Further applications may include surface treatment and batteries.
	Cobalt(II) carbonate	208-169-4	513-79-1	Art. 57 (a) & (c), carcinogenic & toxic for reproduction	Mainly used in the manufacture of catalysts. Minor uses may include feed additive, production of other chemicals, production of pigments, and adhesion (in ground coat frit).
	Cobalt(II) diacetate	200-755-8	71-48-7	Art. 57 (a) & (c), carcinogenic & toxic for reproduction	Mainly used in the manufacture of catalysts. Minor uses may include production of other chemicals, surface treatment, alloys, and production of pigments, dyes, rubber adhesion, and feed additive.



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2-Methoxyethanol	203-713-7	109-86-4	Toxic for reproduction (article 57c)	Mainly used as solvent, chemical intermediate and additive for fuels.
2-Ethoxyethanol	203-804-1	110-80-5	Toxic for reproduction (article 57c)	Mainly used as solvent and chemical intermediate.
Chromium trioxide	215-607-8	1333-82-0	Carcinogenic and mutagenic (articles 57 a and 57 b)	Used for metal finishing and as fixing agent in waterborne wood preservatives.
Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers	231-801-5 236-881-5	7738-94-5 13530-68-2	Carcinogenic (article 57a)	These acids and their oligomers are generated when chromium trioxide is dissolved in water. Chromium trioxide is mainly used in form of aqueous solutions. Consequently, the uses of these substances are the same as indicated for chromium trioxide.

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Trichloroethylene	201-167-4	79-01-6	Carcinogenic category 2	Cleaning and degreasing of metal parts Solvent in adhesives Intermediate in the manufacture of chlorinated and fluorinated organic compounds
The 3rd	Boric acid	233-139-2 234-343-4	10043-35-3 11113-50-1	Toxic for reproduction category 2	Uses include a multitude of applications, e,g, in biocides and preservatives, personal care products, food additives, glass, ceramics, rubber, fertilisers, flame retardants, paints, industrial fluids, brake fluids, soldering products, film developers.
batch	Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	215-540-4	1330-43-4 12179-04-3 1303-96-4	Toxic for reproduction category 2	Uses include a multitude of applications, e;g; in glass and glass fibres, ceramics, detergents and cleaners, personal care products, industrial fluids, metallurgy, adhesives, flame retardants, biocides, fertilizers.
	Tetraboron disodium heptaoxide, hydrate	235-541-3	12267-73-1	toxic for reproduction category 2	Uses include a multitude of applications, e;g; in glass and glass fibres, ceramics, detergents and cleaners, personal care products, industrial fluids, metallurgy, adhesives, flame retardants, biocides, fertilizers.



Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Sodium chromate	231-889-5	7775-11-3	Carcinogenic category 2; mutagenic category 2; toxic for reproduction category 2	 Laboratory (analytical agent) Manufacture of other chromium compounds
The	Potassium chromate	232-140-5	7789-00-6	Carcinogenic category 2; mutagenic category 2	Treatment and coating of metals Manufacture of reagents and chemicals Manufacture of textiles Colouring agent in ceramics Tanning and dressing of leather Manufacture of pigments/inks Laboratory (analyticalreagent) Pyrotechnics
3rd batch	Ammonium dichromate	232-143-1 7789-9-5	7789-9-5	Carcinogenic category 2; mutagenic category 2; toxic for reproduction category 2	Oxidising agent Laboratory (analytical agent) Tanning of leather Manufacture of textiles Manufacture of photosensitive screens (cathode ray tubes) Metal treatment
	Potassium dichromate	231-906-6	7778-50-9	Carcinogenic category 2; mutagenic category 2; toxic for reproduction category 2	Chrome metal manufacturing Treatment and coating of metals Manufacture of reagents and chemicals Laboratory (analytical agent) Cleaning of laboratory glassware Tanning of leather Manufacture of textiles Photolithography Wood treatment Corrosion inhibitor in cooling systems



Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Anthracene oil	292-602-7	90640-80-5	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Seal coating, anti-corrosion oil, pesticides, materials of anthraquinone
	Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, distin.lights	295-278-5	91995-17-4	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Seal coating, anti-corrosion oil, pesticides, materials of anthraquinone
	Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, anthracene fraction	295-275-9	91995-15-2	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Seal coating, anti-corrosion oil, pesticides, materials of anthraquinone
The 2nd	Anthracene oil, anthracene-low	292-604-8	90640-82-7	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Seal coating, anti-corrosion oil, pesticides, materials of anthraquinone
batch	Anthracene oil,anthracene paste	292-603-2	90640-81-6	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Seal coating, anti-corrosion oil, pesticides, materials of anthraquinone
	Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	201-553-2	84-69-5	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Plasticizer
	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	204-450-0	121-14-2	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Material of explosives, poluurethane plastics, organic synthesis and dyes
	Lead chromate	266-028-2	65996-93-2	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Paint,moisture,adhesives
	Tris(2-chloroethyl)phosphate	204-118-5	115-96-8	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Flame retardants,flame retardant plasticizer
	Lead sulfochromate yellow(C.I.Pigment Yellow 34)	215-693-7	1344-37-2	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Additives in coatings,paints and plastics
	Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red (C.I.Pigment Red 104)	235-759-9	12656-85-8	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Additives in coatings,paints and plastics

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Lead chromate	231-846-0	7758-97-6	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Colorant in coatings,paints,rubber and plastic
Acrylamide	201-173-7	79-06-1	Art. 57 (a), carcinogenic	Preparation of acrylamide

Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
	Anthracene	204-371-1	120-12-7	PBT (article 57d)	Material of dyes and anthraquinone
	4,4'- Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA)	202-974-4	101-77-9	Carcinogenic category 2	Curing agent of PCB, Preparation of PU and azo dyes
	Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	201-557-4	84-74-2	toxic for reproduction category 2	sticizer in PVC and other plastic products
	Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP)	201-622-7	85-68-7	toxic for reproduction category 2	Plasticizer in PVC and acrylic resin
The 1st batch	Cobalt dichloride	231-589-4 7646-79-9 Art. 57 (c)	Art. 57 (c), toxic for reproduction	Cobalt dichloride is mainly used as intermediate in the manufacture of other cobalt compounds, in tyre adhesion additives, organic textile dyes, and drying agents for paints. Furthermore it is used in surface treatment processes, as water treatment / corrosion inhibition chemical, as colourant or for discolouring in the production of inorganic pigments & frits, glass, and ceramic ware, in varistors and magnets, as well as in humidity indicators.	
	Diarsenic pentaoxide	215-116-9	1303-28-2	Carcinogenic category 1	Pesticides, herbicides, wood preservatives
	Diarsenic trioxide	215-481-4	1327-53-3	Carcinogenic category 1	Pesticides, herbicides, wood preservatives
	Sodium dichromate	234-190-3	7789-12-0, 10588-01- 9	Carcinogenic, mutagenic and toxic for reproduction (articles 57a, 57b and 57c)	Mordant in the textile dye industry



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Batch	Substance name	EC.NO	CAS.NO	SVHC property	Potential uses
The 1st batch	Musk xylene	201-329-4	81-15-2	vPvB (article 57e)	Cosmetics and soap spices
	Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (DEHP)	204-211-0	117-81-7	toxic for reproduction category 2	Plasticizer in PVC and so on
	Hexabromocyclododecane(HBC DD)and all major diastereoisomers identified:Alpha-hexabromocyclo dodecane Beta-hexabromocyclododecane Gamma-hexabromocyclododeca ne	247-148-4 221-695-9	25637-99-4, 3194-55-6, 134237-50-6 134237-51-7 134237-52-8	PBT (article 57d)	Flame retardant in textiles and plastics
	Alkanes, C10-13, chloro (Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins)	287-476-5	85535-84-8	PBT and vPvB (articles 57 d and 57 e)	Fire retardant, plasticizer
	Bis(tributyltin)oxide(TBTO)	200-268-0	56-35-9	PBT (article 57d)	Pesticides, fungicides in paint
	Lead hydrogen arsenate	232-064-2	7784-40-9	Carcinogenic category 1 ; toxic for reproduction category 1	Insect repellent
	Triethyl arsenate	427-700-2	15606-95-8	Carcinogenic category 1	Intermediate semiconductor

Details please click official link: ECHA SVHCs list

Solutions

HCT reminds enterprises, especially manufactures, importers and suppliers of these substances should understand and master new information requirements timely, Meanwhile, to reduce unnecessary trade losses, we should make sure products safety by enhancing quality control of original materials and seeking for safer alternative substances. HCT, possessing wide testing fields and convenient service channels, can help enterprises assess regulated specific chemical substances in products. Thus enterprises can successfully import products to designed target countries.

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